

SOUTHEAST BRAZIL TOUR REPORT 2022 (excl Rio Grande do Sul)

2 - 23 October 2022

by Eduardo Patrial

The 2022 Southeast Brazil Tour was again amazingly successful. The combination of the best sites of the threatened and unique Atlantic Forest from Espírito Santo south to Paraná, certainly make this one of the best trips for endemics in the country and in South America. We mainly covered luxurious forests along the rich and scenic spine of Serra do Mar, both lowland and hilly areas from north to south, going through parks, private reserves and protected areas, which in three weeks offered us a list of nearly five hundred birds (497). Highlights also include great sceneries, accommodations, food, bird feeders and local people. Here are just a few of the amazing birds enjoyed on this tour: Solitary Tinamou, Red-billed Curassow, Black-fronted Piping Guan, Spot-winged Wood Quail, Pygmy, Long-trained and Silky-tailed Nightjars, Frilled and Festive Coquettes, Green-crowned and Purple-crowned Plovercrests, Red-and-white Crake, Black and Ornate Hawk-Eagles, Rufous Crab Hawk, White-necked and Mantled Hawks, Pavonine Cuckoo, Tawny-browed and Rusty-barred Owls, Three-toed Jacamar, Saffron Toucanet, Ochre-marked Parakeet, Red-browed and Red-tailed Amazons, Blue-bellied Parrot, Itatiaia Spinetail, Giant and White-bearded Antshrikes, Cryptic Antthrush, Variegated and Speckle-breasted Antpittas, White-breasted Tapaculo, Spotted Bamboowren, Russet-winged Spadebill, Atlantic Royal Flycatcher, Black-capped Piprites, Swallow-tailed, Black-and-gold and Grey-winged Cotingas, Black-headed and Hooded Berryeaters, Buffy-fronted and Temminck's Seedeaters, Bay-chested and Buff-throated Warbling Finches, Black-backed and Chestnut-backed Tanagers and many more.

The tour started in the morning of October 2 with the group meeting at Vitória's airport (capital of Espírito Santo state). From the airport, we visited a nearby site, the rural restaurant Sítio Ouro Velho, a good site to find the endemic Pygmy Nightjar (ssp. *vielliardi*) on rocky outcrops. There we found one bird, very relaxed with its camouflage. At the site, we still got Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture, Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Ringed Kingfisher, endemic Band-tailed Hornero, Common Tody-Flycatcher, Masked Water Tyrant and Blue Dacnis. Lunch happened at Aracruz, next to the sea. There we added some Tropical Mockingbirds to our list, as well as Peach-fronted Parakeet, Cabot's Tern and Cocoli Heron. After lunch, we drove north a little further for a quick visit at Augusto Ruschi Marine Ecological Reserve, our usual site to enjoy decent views of the local endemic Minute Hermit, besides some others like Blue-chinned Sapphire, Versicoloured and Glittering-throated Emeralds, Red-legged Honeycreepers and the lovely endemic Geoffroy's Marmoset. Another couple of hours on the road, we managed to finish the day in Linhares at Reserva Natural VALE with some great birds: the threatened endemic Red-billed Curassow, Turquoise Tanager (White-bellied T - ssp. *brasiliensis*), endemic Black-cheeked Gnatcatcher, Blue-headed Parrot (endemic ssp. *reichenowi*), endemic Red-browed Amazon, Orange-winged Amazon,

Blue-winged Macaw, Rufous-headed Tanager, Grey Elaenia and the beautiful Black-necked Aracari.

October 3rd was a full day exploring the grounds of VALE. Deep far in the forest during the morning, we managed great views of the endemic Black-headed Berryeater, plus few more Red-billed Curassows; Channel-billed Toucan, endemic East Brazilian Pygmy Owl, Yellow-throated and Blond-crested Woodpeckers, Buff-throated Woodcreeper, endemics White-eared Parakeet and Silvery-flanked Antwren; Grey-crowned Flatbill, Screaming Piha, Rufous-capped Antthrush and Yellow-green Grosbeak. Afternoon session happened near the headquarters at forest edge and trails in the forest, being very productive. Closer views of White-eared Parakeet, a nice flock with Black-capped and Crested Becards, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Hooded and Rufous-headed Tanagers, Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Purple-throated and Violaceous Euphonias; then on the trail, the endemics Plumbeous Antwren and the stunning Ochre-marked Parakeet, plus few others like Plain-winged Woodcreeper, endemic Sooretama Slaty Antshrike and even a Brown-throated Sloth.

October 4th was our second full day at VALE. We had an overcast morning with a bit of rain by late morning. First, we birded a specific site mainly to check an old Harpy Eagle nest, unfortunately not active at the moment, so no signs of the eagle. Forest was quiet but we managed few good sightings: Red-browed Amazon, Red-stained Woodpecker, Green-backed and Collared Trogons and Red-headed Manakin. From there we covered forest edge and marsh habitat which provided several things: Plumbeous, Grey-headed and Swallow-tailed Kites, endemic East Brazilian Chachalaca, Scaled and Pale-vented Pigeons, Laughing Falcon, Grey-rumped Swift, Blue-winged Macaw, Southern White-fringed Antwren, Cobalt-rumped Parrotlet, Greater Ani, Red-rumped Cacique, Buff-throated Saltator, Muscovy Duck and Blackish Rail. In the afternoon we covered dense forest along the main road in the reserve, adding a little more to our list with Greyish Mourner, Lesser Woodcreeper and Streaked and Plain Xenops.

Our next place in Espirito Santo state was the lovely and hilly little town of Santa Teresa for one night stay. We left Linhares early in the morning (endemics Red-cowled Cardinal and Campo Troupial at hotel grounds) reaching the good forest on the hills of Santa Teresa by mid-morning for a very productive birding until lunch time. Our usual site (private areas linked to the southern portion of Reserva Biologica Augusto Ruschi) provided an amazing session: localized endemic Wied's Tyrant Manakin, endemics Grey-hooded Attila and smart White-bibbed Antbird, the striking Spot-billed Toucanet, Black-billed Scythebill, endemic Yellow-eared Woodpecker, the fascinating Bare-faced Bellbird, endemic Serra Antwren (a pair), Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Green-backed Becard, endemics Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher and Crescent-chested Puffbird, Black Hawk-Eagle, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Black-capped, Ochre-breasted and White-eyed Foliage-gleaners, Spot-breasted Antwren, Spot-backed Antshrike, Whiskered Myiobius, endemic Gilt-edged Tanager, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia and Golden-chevroned Tanager. A Zone-tailed Hawk was spotted in town after lunch. Then, we checked in at the very nice Pousada Vita Verde, a true paradise for hummingbirds, where we enjoyed a welcoming coffee watching the great show provided by the hummingbird feeders: stunning males and females Frilled Coquette and Amethyst Woodstar; Swallow-tailed and White-throated Hummingbirds, Rufous-breasted, Planalto and Scale-throated Hermits, Black Jacobin, White-vented Violetear, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Sombre Hummingbird, Versicoloured and Sapphire-spangled Emeralds. Later in the afternoon we repeated the forest site, taking a narrow trail this time and finishing the day with some amazing highlights, including Ornate Hawk-Eagle (an adult next to its nest), the rare Russet-winged Spadebill and endemic Cinnamon-vented Piha.

Early morning was enjoyed at Vita Verde: nice views of East Brazilian Chachalaca, endemic Pallid Spinetail, Slaty-breasted Wood Rail, Blackish Rail, tame Brazilian Teals, White-barred Piculet, Streaked Xenops, Yellow-olive Flatbill, Rufous-browed Peppershrike, Rufous-headed Tanager, Violaceous and Chestnut-bellied Euphonias, Ruby-crowned Tanager, Green-winged Saltator, Campo Troupial and some of the waking hummingbirds before a delicious breakfast. We said good-bye to Vita Verde and Santa Teresa, driving south a couple hours to our next destination, the Caetés area in Vargem Alta. We enjoyed birding for the rest of morning on the grounds of Natureza Eco Lodge (old Hotel Monte Verde), part of the Águia Branca Private Reserve. There we got several Cliff Flycatchers, endemic Azure-shouldered Tanager, Green-billed Toucan and some Saffron Toucanets, Dusky-legged Guan, Tropical Pewee and the smart Yellow-fronted Woodpecker. In the afternoon, we covered more of the good Águia Branca Reserve, finding Sooty Tyrannulet, Red-legged Seriema, the fascinating Swallow-tailed Cotinga (several), Capped Heron, Spix's Spinetail, Planalto Tyrannulet, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, White-throated Woodcreeper, endemic Star-throated Antwren, Spotted Bamboowren (briefly), White-crested and Yellow Tyrannulets, Pin-tailed Manakin (female), Hooded Siskin, endemic Half-collared Sparrow and Black-goggled, Golden-chevroned and Gilt-edged Tanagers.

We repeated the Águia Branca Reserve in the morning, being very productive: more Swallow-tailed Cotingas, Fawn-breasted Tanager, Robust Woodpecker, endemic Scaled Woodcreeper; Sharpbill, Surucua Trogon [aurantius], Yellow-fronted and Green-barred Woodpeckers, Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper, great views of endemic White-breasted Tapaculo and Spotted Bamboowren; Long-tailed Tyrant, Blue Manakin, Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant, Variable Antshrike, Half-collared Sparrow again, Black Hawk Eagle, Magpie Tanager, endemics White-collared Foliage-gleaner and Cinnamon-vented Piha; Spot-breasted Antvireo, Streak-capped Antwren, Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner, Pallid and Rufous-capped Spinetails, Greenish Schiffornis, Greenish Tyrannulet, endemic Ferruginous Antbird and the endemic Cryptic Antthrush that provided a great show. In the afternoon, we visited the Kaetés Reserve, a very important conservation unity created recently to protect the rare and main star in the area, the critically endangered Cherry-throated Tanager, which has been successfully monitored with a serious conservation project. We were very lucky to witness this rarest species nesting; we watched it on the nest for a couple hours, a very nice experience. The forest at Kaetés in the afternoon was a bit quiet and we managed a few more birds like Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet, a brief Blue-naped Chlorophonia and the stunning endemic Hooded Berryeater. Night birding at Kaetés offered amazing views of Long-trained Nightjar and, on our way out, a Rusty-barred Owl.

October 8th was a quite long day on the road. We left the Caetés area early in the morning towards Rio de Janeiro state, more precisely to REGUA (Reserva Ecológica de Guapiaçu), on the foothills of Serra dos Orgãos. However, before that, a little detour to Cabo Frio/Arraial do Cabo was necessary to watch the localized version of Serra Antwren (Restinga Antwren [litoralis]). There we got excellent looks at both male and female antwren, plus three other endemics, Hangnest Tody-Tyrant, Sooretama Slaty Antshrike and Brazilian Tanager. We arrived at REGUA after four pm and enjoyed a relaxing time in the garden with some Swallow-tailed Hummingbirds, Black Jacobin, Violaceous Euphonias and some of the common birds going to roost near REGUA wetlands – Cattle Egret, Crested and Yellow-headed Caracaras and Neotropic Cormorant.

Our full day at REGUA was a day in the forest, a quite tough day actually. Birding was nice and we saw a number of targets and other nice ones: endemics Scaled Antbird and Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant; Southern Antpipit, nice male Pin-tailed Manakin, Grey-hooded and Ochre-bellied Flycatchers, Blue Manakin, Yellow-throated Woodpecker, Spot-backed Antshrike, endemic Pale-

browed Treehunter; Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser, Black-capped Foliage-gleaner, Black-throated Grosbeak, Black-cheeked Gnatcatcher, Black-capped and Green-backed Becards, Red-crowned Ant Tanager, Yellow-green Grosbeak, Red-necked Tanager, endemic Olive-green Tanager, Green Honeycreeper, Yellow-backed and Rufous-headed Tanagers... However, we did put a serious effort to find Brazilian Laniisoma, going further up on the Green/waterfall trail, with some steep parts and few difficulties (fallen trees), and even so we could not find the Laniisoma at REGUA this time, the main reason of making this a tiring day. In the evening, even with some light drizzle, we managed amazing views of Giant Snipe at the nearby marsh.

October 10th started early, moving from REGUA up to Nova Friburgo and to Pico da Caledônia at 2000m above sea level. The weather was nice and we had an incredible morning, highlights include two great sightings of localized endemic Grey-winged Cotinga and others: Diademed Tanager, Thick-billed Saltator, endemics Velvety Black Tyrant, Rufous-tailed Antbird, Rufous-backed Antwren, Mouse-coloured Tapaculo, Bay-chested Warbling Finch, Cinnamon Tanager, Serra do Mar Tyrannulet and stunning Brassy-breasted Tanager; Blue-billed Black Tyrant, a very obliging Large-tailed Antshrike, close views of the fascinating endemic Black-and-gold Cotinga, and the endemic Serra do Mar Tyrant-Manakin. After a quick pause at noon for snacks and coffee in Nova Friburgo, we took the road to visit further west the little town of Carmo. Our usual site (forest fragment) provided the main target, the endemic three-toed Jacamar, together with a nice selection, including Chestnut-backed Antshrike, Hangnest Tody-Tyrant, White-winged Becard, endemic Serra Antwren; Rufous-fronted Thornbird, Golden-crowned Warbler and Rufous-capped Spinetail. We finished this successful day driving back to overnight this time in Nova Friburgo.

We spent the early morning (about two hours) at the Theodoro Trail in Nova Friburgo, montane forest around 1000m. It was quite windy but after few attempts we finally spotted the rare Brazilian Laniisoma. It came silent to playback and stayed enough in good view for our delight. Trail offered some other good sightings like a close Bare-throated Bellbird, endemic Brazilian Ruby and flock with White-browed and Black-capped Foliage-gleaners, Ferruginous Antbird and Rufous-crowned Greenlet. Then back to Hotel for a nice breakfast and to enjoy some birds in the garden, like Slaty-breasted Wood Rail crossing a bridge, Swallow Tanagers, Chestnut-crowned Becard and few others. Leaving Nova Friburgo, the call of the uncommon Buffy-fronted Seedeater was detected in a bamboo clump just by the road, what made us to stop for prompt response and magnificent views. We drove south then to reach the famous Itatiaia National Park, arriving at the very nice Hotel do Ypê for a late lunch. Food as usual was great so was the feeders and hotel grounds with many Dusky-legged Guans, Brazilian Ruby, White-throated Hummingbird, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Black Jacobin, striking Green-headed Tanagers, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia, endemics Olive-green and Golden-chevroned Tanagers; Black-goggled Tanager, Surucua Trogon, Maroon-bellied Parakeets, Double-collared Seedeaters and more. The afternoon session happened by foot from the hotel down along the main road and part of a trail (access to Hotel Simon). We saw a lot: fantastic view of endemic Slaty Bristlefront; endemics Orange-eyed Thornbird and Ochre-rumped Antbird; Green-winged Saltator, Blue-winged Macaw, Green-billed Toucan, White-shouldered Fire-eye, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, endemic Fork-tailed Tody-Tyrant, Chestnut-bellied Seed Finch, Long-tailed Tyrant, Scaly-headed Parrot, a shy male Tufted Antshrike and the endemic Half-collared Sparrow. Back to Ypê we managed to see Short-tailed Nighthawk and a couple of Tawny-browed Owl after dusk.

On this day, we spent most of daytime doing the high part of Itatiaia National Park, the famous Agulhas Negras Road, birding forest in altitude between 1800 and 2400m. The weather was perfect, what made a very productive and enjoyable time in the mountain. There we got the

endemic Buff-throated Warbling Finch, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Diademed Tanager, Yellow-legged Thrush, the rare Black-capped Piprites, endemic Brassy-breasted Tanager and Bay-chested Warbling Finch, Olivaceous Elaenia, Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet, Rufous-tailed Antthrush (breath-taking views), the shy Speckle-breasted Antpitta (northern form), endemics Rufous-tailed Antbird and Mouse-coloured Tapaculo, localized endemic Itatiaia Spinetail, endemic Velvety Black Tyrant; Thick-billed Saltator, the locally rare endemic Grey-backed Tachuri and the endemic Green-crowned Plovercrest. We arrived back at Hotel do Ypê by late afternoon. In the evening, Tawny-browed Owl showed up again briefly.

Travel day to Ubatuba, north coast of São Paulo state, via Angra dos Reis with our usual birding stop at Mambucaba (or Perequê), mainly for the local endemic Black-hooded Antwren. This time we needed some attempts to find a cooperative pair, great views at last! Birding in Mambucaba is very good and this time was not different: better views of endemics Saw-billed Hermit and Fork-tailed Tody-Tyrant; White-bearded Manakin, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Black-crowned Tityra, Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle, Rufous-thighed Kite, endemic Squamate Antbird, Sao Paulo Tyrannulet, Common Potoo (day roost), Yellow-fronted Woodpecker, Plain Parakeets, Pileated Parrot, the rare endemic Buff-throated Purpleuft, endemics Olive-green Tanager and Frilled Coquette, Flame-crested and Red-necked Tanagers and others. After birding, we had a quick road stop for lunch near Paraty. Approaching Ubatuba, later in the afternoon, we made a good stop along the road to Casa da Farinha, where we got some interesting birds: distant pair of the uncommon Buff-bellied Puffbird, Black-throated Mango, White-thighed Swallow, Orange-eyed Thornbird, Lemon-chested Greenlet, Black-throated Grosbeak and Chestnut-bellied Seed Finch (again). Arrival in Ubatuba around six pm, dinner and overnight at Hotel Ubatuba Palace.

Morning at Fazenda Angelim in Ubatuba yielded all our targets birds, being very good for the bamboo species. There we got Sooty Grassquit, the uncommon Temminck's and Buffy-fronted Seedeaters, endemic White-necked Hawk (again), Ferruginous and Bertoni's Antbirds, Riverbank Warbler, endemic Scaled Antbird, Unicoloured Antwren and the rare Salvadori's Antwren (in mixed flock with Red-crowned Ant-Tanager and Black-capped Foliage-gleaner); Euler's Flycatcher, Green-backed Trogon, Plain Parakeets, White-eyed Foliage-gleaner, a pair of Short-tailed Antthrush (a surprising record), endemic Grey-capped Tyrannulet, Trilling Gnatwren, White-necked and Yellow-legged Thrushes, Ruby-crowned and Green-headed Tanagers... In the afternoon, following the usual itinerary, we visited Mr. Jonas and his impressive feeders at the amazing Sítio Folha Seca, on the foothills of Serra do Mar. A true paradise for hummers, we saw Saw-billed Hermits, Black Jacobin, Black-throated Mango, endemics Festive Coquette, Brazilian Ruby and Sombre Hummingbird; Amethyst Woodstar, Glittering-throated and Versicoloured Emeralds, Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Violet-capped Woodnymph and White-chinned sapphire. Fruit feeder provided great looks at Violaceous and Chestnut-bellied Euphonias, Green-headed, Red-necked, Ruby-crowned and Brazilian Tanagers, Red-rumped Cacique and Green Honeycreeper. We stayed at Folha Seca for owling, a singing Black-capped Screech Owl gave offered a hard attempt for more than an hour on a steep bank in the forest, and we just could not get to it. Overnight in Ubatuba.

Day transfer to Guarulhos, with good birding stops along the day. First stop was still early next to Ubatuba, on the hilltop along the entrance road of Serra do Mar State Park (Sta. Virginia). We saw a nice male Dusky-tailed Antbird, obliging Orange-breasted Thornbird and Golden-winged Cacique. Next stop was in open habitat near Taubaté, a site that provided Yellow-rumped Marshbird, Firewood Gatherer, Chestnut-capped Blackbird, White-rumped Monjita and the gorgeous Streamer-tailed Tyrant. From there we drove to São José dos Campos to reach our usual

spot near Bonsucesso to see the threatened and recently discovered Marsh (Sao Paulo) Antwren. We got close views of a responsive pair right away. We stopped for lunch near São José dos Campos and from there we went straight to Cantareira State Park near Guarulhos to search for our last target species of the day, the uncommon Southern Bristle Tyrant, that again did not disappoint the group at the usual site on the trail, we got close and long views of it. Overnight was at Ibis Hotel in Guarulhos.

Morning drive from Guarulhos to the incredible Intervalles State Park on the hills in southern São Paulo state. We arrived for a nice homemade lunch, with a good birding stop near Intervalles, on the entrance road, where we got Grey-throated Warbling Finch, Orange-headed Tanager, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Versicoloured Emerald, Ochre-collared Piculet, Spix's Spinetail, Planalto and Grey-capped Tyrannulets, Olivaceous Elaenia, Azure-shouldered Tanager and others. A pair of Tropical Screech Owl was roosting just beside Intervalles reception. In the afternoon we checked in and met the great local guide Betinho, for a very productive session by foot around the headquarters: Scalloped Woodcreeper, Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaner, Squamate Antbird, Striped Cuckoo, Burnished-buff Tanager, Dusky-legged Guan, Swallow-tailed Cotinga, female Bare-throated Bellbird, the rare endemic Black-legged Dacnis (a pair), the stunning Chestnut-backed Tanager, Green-chinned Euphonia, Golden-winged Cacique, amazing Red-and-white Crake, Diademed Tanager, Short-tailed Anthrush, Solitary Tinamou, a group of Spot-winged Wood Quail, a brief view of the endemic Blue-bellied Parrot and Rufous-tailed Attila, what a start in Intervalles! In the evening, we managed great looks at Long-tufted Screech Owl.

We simply had a fantastic morning at Intervalles on our first full day in the park. We walked well doing part of the viewpoint trail and later covering the system of trails around the research station. Highlights include the rare White-bearded Antshrike, Large-headed Flatbill, Rufous Gnatcatcher, endemic Hooded Berryeater, Surucua Trogon [nominant], Black-throated Trogon, Bay-ringed Tyrannulet, rare endemic Atlantic Royal Flycatcher, Olivaceous, Planalto and Lesser Woodcreepers, Rufous-thighed Kite, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Black-capped, Buff-fronted, White-browed and Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaners, endemics Pallid Spinetail and White-collared Foliage-gleaner; Rough-legged Tyrannulet, Pilonis Cuckoo, Scale-throated and Dusky-throated Hermits, stunning Purple-crowned Plovercrest, a close and responsive Blue-bellied Parrot, Grey-bellied Spinetail, fascinating Red-ruffed Fruitcrow, endemics Slaty Bristlefront (southern form) and Grey-hooded Attila, and more. In the afternoon, we walked a different and birdy forest track (next to the old restaurant). Remarks go to Rufous-capped Motmot (obscured one), Robust Woodpecker, a shy Brown-breasted Bamboo Tyrant, amazing Giant Antshrike (male), Pileated Parrot (perched), the uncommon Mantled Hawk, Rufous-capped Spinetail, Mottled-cheeked and endemic Oustalet's Tyrannulets, and Rufous-crowned Greenlet. We stayed on the track until the evening: no responses of Black-capped Screech Owl but a nice look at Mottled Owl.

On this day in Intervalles we had a morning marred by rain, not much was seen, except for the amazing views of Variegated Antpitta next to the accommodation and the group of Spot-winged Wood Quails again and before the rain. With a break in the weather near noon, we did a quite long afternoon loop walk towards the Lajeado area. Here some of the nice birds we managed to see: Black Hawk-Eagle, Surucua Trogon, Green-billed Toucan, White-spotted and Yellow-browed Woodpeckers, Scaly-headed Parrot, Lesser and Scalloped Woodcreepers, Black-capped, White-browed, Ochre-breasted and White-eyed Foliage-gleaners, Streak-capped and Star-throated Antwrens, Rufous Gnateater, Mottle-cheeked and Oustalet's Tyrannulets, Tropical Pewee, Three-striped Flycatcher, Sibilant Sirystes, Swainson's Flycatcher, Red-ruffed Fruitcrow, Blue Manakin, Whiskered Myiobius, Black-crowned Tityra, endemic Brown Tanager, Swallow, Black-goggled, Golden-chevroned and Ruby-crowned Tanagers and Uniform Finch.

October 19th was the third and last day at Intervalles. We had an excellent morning walk going to the famous Carmo Road. Remarks to Solitary Tinamou again, the rare Black-fronted Piping Guan, Plumbeous Pigeon, Black Hawk-Eagle, Green-backed Trogon, Rufous-capped Motmot, a pair of Buff-bellied Puffbird, Saffron and Spot-billed Toucanets, Yellow-fronted and Robust Woodpeckers, Plain and Maroon-bellied Parakeets, White-collared Foliage-gleaner, Rufous-margined Antwren, White-bearded Antshrike, Wing-barred Piprites, Three-striped Flycatcher, Red-ruffed Fruitcrow, Cinnamon-vented Piha, Sharpbill, Black-crowned and Black-tailed Tityras, Uniform Finch, Fawn-breasted, Azure-shouldered, Golden-chevroned and Green-headed Tanagers and more of the rare Black-legged Dacnis. In the afternoon, we visited different sites on the two entrance roads of the park, first where we saw the lovely Araucaria Tit-Spintail, plus Olivaceous Elaenia, Yellowish Pipit, Narrow-billed Woodcreeper (surprisingly), White-crested Tyrannulet and Hangnest Tody-Tyrant, and later a more forested site where we got Purple-crowned Plovercrest and endemics White-breasted Tapaculo and Serra do Mar Tyrant-Manakin.

We started early on this day heading off from Intervalles to the coast of Paraná state, about 300 km on a winding road. By late morning, we arrived at the nice Graciosa Road, making a brief stop along the track of Rio do Corvo, where we got another sighting of a much shyer Large-tailed Antshrike. Lunch was down the hills at the little town of Morretes. Then, another hour and half on the road to get to the coastal Pontal do Sul, right at the southern mouth of Baía de Paraguá. Our usual afternoon boat trip for the localized endemic Red-tailed Amazon was again, amazing. With good weather and calm waters, we enjoyed several Brown Boobies, some Royal and Cabot's Terns, nice views of Marine Estuarine Dolphin, a pair of the uncommon Rufous Crab Hawk (the Bay is the southernmost of its range), many of the stunning Scarlet Ibis; Black-crowned and Yellow-crowned Night Herons, Pale-vented Pigeon, huge colony of Neotropic Cormorant, some Azure Jays (at the island Ilha dos Papagaios), the fascinating scenery and of course, hundreds of Red-tailed Amazons that provided a true spectacle just before sunset. In the evening we had a nice pizza and local draft beer to celebrate. Overnight in Pontal do Sul.

Early morning drive south from Pontal to Itapoá in northern Santa Catarina state, crossing by ferry the Baía de Guaratuba. We arrived for birding at Volta Velha Reserve entrance road around mid-morning. The forest edge was excellent, offering all wanted target birds: the localized Kaempfer's Tody-Tyrant, endemics Restinga Tyrannulet, stunning Black-backed Tanager, Scaled Chachalaca, Long-billed Wren, Brazilian, Green-headed and Red-necked Tanagers and White-necked Hawk. Then we finished the morning in the reserve, doing part of the trail Casa de Vidro. There we had Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant, Unicolored Antwren, Pale-browed Treehunter, Spot-backed Antshrike, Green Honeycreeper, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, White-bearded Manakin, Grey-hooded Flycatcher, White-necked Thrush, Rufous-margined Antwren, Black-backed Tanager again

and few others. Lunch was at Volta Velha and it was delicious. In the afternoon, we first visited the marsh to see Marsh Antwren, just outside Itapoá. Our reliable site provided super close views of a pair plus nice looks at White Woodpecker. Back to the forest at Volta Velha, we covered the Sambaqui trail, being a pleasant session with nice sightings of Scaled Antbird, Black-capped Foliage-gleaner, Plain-winged Woodcreeper, White-shouldered Fire-eye and Three-striped Flycatcher. We closely heard the endemic Yellow-legged Tinamou, having an interest attempt to see it, but without any luck. Night birding near the Sambaqui offered breath-taking views of the rare Silky-tailed Nightjar and another heard Black-capped Screech Owl (another non-cooperative individual). Overnight at Volta Velha.

Early morning with a very nice breakfast at Volta Velha and some of the garden birds (Plain Parakeet, Scaled Chachalaca, Azure Jay, Black-backed Tanager and others) before we depart to São José dos Pinhais up to the first Paraná plateau. Close to the district of Borda do Campo, next to the west slope of Serra do Mar, we covered marshy area and mixed forest (with Araucaria trees) for the rest of a very successful morning with: Pampa Finch, White-vented Violetear, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Black-and-rufous Warbling Finch, the uncommon Canebrake Groundcreeper, Southern Yellowthroat, Olive Spinetail, Rufous-capped Antshrike, Rufous-thighed Kite, Yellow-rumped Marshbird, stunning male Glaucous-blue Grosbeak and the uncommon Mottled Piculet. Lunch was at a nice 'churrascaria' in São José dos Pinhais. Back in the afternoon to Borda do Campo area, we went further on dirt road to get denser forest, a site where we got Scalloped Woodcreeper, Sharp-billed Treehunter, endemic Brassy-breasted Tanager, and chances to work on a responsive and shy (as usual) Speckle-breasted Antpitta (southern form). Patience and well-worth it efforts guaranteed long perfect views of it. At Hotel Mercure in São José dos Pinhais, we celebrated this wonderful tour.

A relaxing morning at Hotel before we go to airport Afonso Pena (Curitiba/São J dos P) and say good-bye, see you on another adventure! End of tour.

SYSTEMATIC LIST OF SPECIES RECORDED

BIRDS

Solitary Tinamou ♦ *Tinamus solitarius*

Little Tinamou *Crypturellus soui* heard-only.

Brown Tinamou *Crypturellus obsoletus* heard-only.

Yellow-legged Tinamou ♦ *Crypturellus noctivagus* heard-only.

Variegated Tinamou *Crypturellus variegatus* heard-only

White-faced Whistling Duck *Dendrocygna viduata*

Muscovy Duck *Cairina moschata*

Brazilian Teal ♦ *Amazonetta brasiliensis*

East Brazilian Chachalaca ◊ *Ortalis araucuan* Endemic
Scaled Chachalaca ◊ *Ortalis squamata* Endemic
Rusty-margined Guan ◊ *Penelope superciliaris*
Dusky-legged Guan ◊ *Penelope obscura*
Black-fronted Piping Guan ◊ *Pipile jacutinga*
Red-billed Curassow ◊ *Crax blumenbachii* Endemic
Spot-winged Wood Quail ◊ *Odontophorus capueira*
Short-tailed Nighthawk *Lurocalis semitorquatus*
Pygmy Nightjar ◊ *Nyctipolus hirundinaceus* Endemic
Pauraque *Nyctidromus albicollis*
Long-trained Nightjar ◊ *Macropsalis forcipata*
Silky-tailed Nightjar ◊ *Antrostomus sericocaudatus*
Common Potoo *Nyctibius griseus*
Sooty Swift *Cypseloides fumigatus*
White-collared Swift *Streptoprocne zonaris*
Grey-rumped Swift *Chaetura cinereiventris*
Sick's Swift *Chaetura meridionalis*
Black Jacobin *Florisuga fusca*
Saw-billed Hermit ◊ *Ramphodon naevius* Endemic
Rufous-breasted Hermit *Glaucis hirsutus*
Dusky-throated Hermit ◊ *Phaethornis squalidus* Endemic
Minute Hermit ◊ *Phaethornis idaliae* Endemic
Reddish Hermit *Phaethornis ruber*
Planalto Hermit *Phaethornis pretrei*
Scale-throated Hermit ◊ *Phaethornis eurynome*
White-vented Violetear ◊ *Colibri serrirostris*
Black-throated Mango *Anthracothorax nigricollis*
Frisled Coquette ◊ *Lophornis magnificus* Endemic

Festive Coquette ◊ *Lophornis chalybeus*
Brazilian Ruby ◊ *Heliodoxa rubicauda* Endemic
Amethyst Woodstar *Calliphlox amethystina*
Glittering-bellied Emerald *Chlorostilbon lucidus*
Green-crowned Plovercrest ◊ *Stephanoxis lalandi* Endemic
Purple-crowned Plovercrest ◊ *Stephanoxis loddigesii*
Violet-capped Woodnymph *Thalurania glaucopis*
Swallow-tailed Hummingbird *Eupetomena macroura*
Sombre Hummingbird ◊ *Eupetomena cirrochloris* Endemic
Versicoloured Emerald *Chrysuronia versicolor*
White-throated Hummingbird *Leucochloris albicollis*
Glittering-throated Emerald *Chionomesa fimbriata*
Sapphire-spangled Emerald *Chionomesa lactea*
White-chinned Sapphire *Chlorestes cyanus*
Blue-chinned Sapphire *Chlorestes notata*
Guira Cuckoo *Guira guira*
Greater Ani *Crotophaga major*
Smooth-billed Ani *Crotophaga ani*
Striped Cuckoo *Tapera naevia*
Pavonine Cuckoo ◊ *Dromococcyx pavoninus*
Squirrel Cuckoo *Piaya cayana*
Rock Dove (introduced) (Feral Pigeon) *Columba [livia] domestica*
Scaled Pigeon *Patagioenas speciosa*
Picazuro Pigeon *Patagioenas picazuro*
Pale-vented Pigeon *Patagioenas cayennensis*
Plumbeous Pigeon *Patagioenas plumbea*
Scaled Dove *Columbina squammata*
Ruddy Ground Dove *Columbina talpacoti*

Picui Ground Dove *Columbina picui*
Ruddy Quail-Dove *Geotrygon montana*
White-tipped Dove *Leptotila verreauxi*
Grey-fronted Dove *Leptotila rufaxilla* non-leader
Eared Dove *Zenaida auriculata*
Blackish Rail *Pardirallus nigricans*
Grey-cowled Wood Rail *Aramides cajaneus*
Slaty-breasted Wood Rail ◊ *Aramides saracura*
Common Gallinule *Gallinula galeata*
Rufous-sided Crake *Laterallus melanophaius* heard-only.
Red-and-white Crake ◊ *Laterallus leucopyrrhus*
American Oystercatcher *Haematopus palliatus*
White-backed Stilt *Himantopus melanurus*
Southern Lapwing *Vanellus chilensis*
Wattled Jacana *Jacana jacana*
Pantanal Snipe *Gallinago paraguaiiae*
Giant Snipe ◊ *Gallinago undulata*
Grey-headed Gull *Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus*
Kelp Gull *Larus dominicanus*
Royal Tern *Thalasseus maximus*
Cabot's Tern *Thalasseus acuflavidus*
Large-billed Tern *Phaetusa simplex*
Magnificent Frigatebird *Fregata magnificens*
Brown Booby *Sula leucogaster*
Neotropic Cormorant *Nannopterum brasilianum*
Buff-necked Ibis *Theristicus caudatus*
Green Ibis *Mesembrinibis cayennensis*
Bare-faced Ibis *Phimosus infuscatus*

Scarlet Ibis *Eudocimus ruber*
White-faced Ibis *Plegadis chihi*
Roseate Spoonbill *Platalea ajaja*
Rufescent Tiger Heron *Tigrisoma lineatum*
Black-crowned Night Heron *Nycticorax nycticorax*
Yellow-crowned Night Heron *Nyctanassa violacea*
Striated Heron *Butorides striata*
Western Cattle Egret *Bubulcus ibis*
Cocoi Heron *Ardea cocoi*
Great Egret (American G E) *Ardea [alba] egretta*
Capped Heron *Pilherodius pileatus*
Whistling Heron *Syrigma sibilatrix*
Little Blue Heron *Egretta caerulea*
Snowy Egret *Egretta thula*
Black Vulture *Coragyps atratus*
Turkey Vulture *Cathartes aura*
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture *Cathartes burrovianus*
Grey-headed Kite *Leptodon cayanensis*
Swallow-tailed Kite *Elanoides forficatus*
Black Hawk-Eagle *Spizaetus tyrannus*
Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle *Spizaetus melanoleucus*
Ornate Hawk-Eagle *Spizaetus ornatus*
Bicolored Hawk *Accipiter bicolor*
Rufous-thighed Kite ♦ *Harpagus diodon*
Plumbeous Kite *Ictinia plumbea*
Snail Kite *Rostrhamus sociabilis*
Crane Hawk *Geranospiza caerulescens*
Rufous Crab Hawk ♦ *Buteogallus aequinoctialis*

Savanna Hawk *Buteogallus meridionalis*

White-necked Hawk ◊ *Buteogallus lacernulatus* Endemic

Great Black Hawk *Buteogallus urubitinga*

Roadside Hawk *Rupornis magnirostris*

White-tailed Hawk *Geranoaetus albicaudatus*

Mantled Hawk ◊ *Pseudastur polionotus*

Short-tailed Hawk *Buteo brachyurus*

Zone-tailed Hawk *Buteo albonotatus*

Burrowing Owl *Athene cucularia*

East Brazilian Pygmy Owl ◊ (Least P O) *Glaucidium minutissimum* Endemic

Ferruginous Pygmy Owl *Glaucidium brasilianum*

Tropical Screech Owl *Megascops choliba*

Long-tufted Screech Owl ◊ *Megascops sanctaecatarinae*

Black-capped Screech Owl ◊ *Megascops atricapilla* heard-only

Tawny-browed Owl ◊ *Pulsatrix koeniswaldiana*

Rusty-barred Owl ◊ *Strix hylophila*

Mottled Owl *Strix virgata*

Green-backed Trogon *Trogon viridis*

Surucua Trogon ◊ *Trogon surrucura*

Black-throated Trogon *Trogon rufus*

Collared Trogon *Trogon collaris*

Amazon Kingfisher *Chloroceryle amazona*

American Pygmy Kingfisher *Chloroceryle aenea*

Green Kingfisher *Chloroceryle americana* leader-only

Ringed Kingfisher *Megaceryle torquata*

Rufous-capped Motmot ◊ *Baryphthengus ruficapillus*

Three-toed Jacamar ◊ *Jacamaralcyon tridactyla* Endemic

Rufous-tailed Jacamar *Galbula ruficauda*

Buff-bellied Puffbird ◊ *Notharchus swainsoni*

Crescent-chested Puffbird ◊ *Malacoptila striata* Endemic

Swallow-winged Puffbird *Chelidoptera tenebrosa*

Black-necked Aracari *Pteroglossus aracari*

Saffron Toucanet ◊ *Pteroglossus bailloni*

Spot-billed Toucanet ◊ *Selenidera maculirostris*

Green-billed Toucan ◊ (Red-breasted T) *Ramphastos dicolorus*

Channel-billed Toucan *Ramphastos vitellinus*

Toco Toucan *Ramphastos toco*

White-barred Piculet *Picumnus cirratus*

Ochre-collared Piculet *Picumnus temminckii*

Mottled Piculet ◊ *Picumnus nebulosus*

White Woodpecker *Melanerpes candidus*

Yellow-fronted Woodpecker ◊ *Melanerpes flavifrons*

White-spotted Woodpecker *Veniliornis spilogaster*

Red-stained Woodpecker *Veniliornis affinis*

Yellow-eared Woodpecker ◊ *Veniliornis maculifrons* Endemic

Yellow-throated Woodpecker ◊ *Piculus flavigula*

Yellow-browed Woodpecker ◊ *Piculus aurulentus*

Green-barred Woodpecker *Colaptes melanochloros*

Campo Flicker *Colaptes campestris*

Blond-crested Woodpecker ◊ *Celeus flavescens*

Lineated Woodpecker *Dryocopus lineatus*

Robust Woodpecker ◊ *Campephilus robustus*

Red-legged Seriema *Cariama cristata*

Crested Caracara (Southern C C) *Caracara [plancus] plancus*

Yellow-headed Caracara *Milvago chimachima*

Chimango Caracara *Milvago chimango*

Laughing Falcon *Herpetotheres cachinnans*

Barred Forest Falcon *Micrastur ruficollis*

Collared Forest Falcon *Micrastur semitorquatus* heard-only

American Kestrel *Falco sparverius*

Aplomado Falcon *Falco femoralis* leader-only

Plain Parakeet ◊ *Brotogeris tirica* Endemic

Pileated Parrot ◊ *Pionopsitta pileata*

Blue-bellied Parrot ◊ *Triclaria malachitacea* Endemic

Scaly-headed Parrot *Pionus maximiliani*

Blue-headed Parrot ◊ (Blue-breasted P) *Pionus [menstruus] reichenowi* Endemic ssp.

Red-browed Amazon ◊ *Amazona rhodocorytha* Endemic

Southern Mealy Amazon *Amazona farinosa* heard-only

Red-tailed Amazon ◊ *Amazona brasiliensis* Endemic

Orange-winged Amazon *Amazona amazonica*

Cobalt-rumped Parrotlet ◊ *Forpus xanthopterygius*

Ochre-marked Parakeet ◊ *Pyrrhura cruentata* Endemic

Maroon-bellied Parakeet *Pyrrhura frontalis*

White-eared Parakeet ◊ *Pyrrhura leucotis* Endemic

Peach-fronted Parakeet *Eupsittula aurea*

Blue-winged Macaw ◊ *Primolius maracana*

White-eyed Parakeet *Psittacara leucophthalmus*

Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser ◊ *Sclerurus scansor*

Olivaceous Woodcreeper *Sittasomus griseicapillus*

Plain-winged Woodcreeper ◊ *Dendrocincla turdina*

Planalto Woodcreeper ◊ *Dendrocolaptes platyrostris*

White-throated Woodcreeper ◊ *Xiphocolaptes albicollis*

Lesser Woodcreeper ◊ *Xiphorhynchus fuscus*

Buff-throated Woodcreeper *Xiphorhynchus guttatus*

Black-billed Scythebill ◊ *Campylorhamphus falcularius*

Narrow-billed Woodcreeper *Lepidocolaptes angustirostris*

Scaled Woodcreeper ◊ *Lepidocolaptes squamatus* Endemic

Scalloped Woodcreeper ◊ *Lepidocolaptes falcinellus*

Plain Xenops *Xenops minutus*

Streaked Xenops *Xenops rutilans*

Band-tailed Hornero ◊ *Furnarius figulus* Endemic

Rufous Hornero *Furnarius rufus*

Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper ◊ *Lochmias nematura*

White-collared Foliage-gleaner ◊ *Anabazenops fuscus* Endemic

Pale-browed Treehunter ◊ *Cichlocolaptes leucophrus* Endemic

Sharp-billed Treehunter *Heliobletus contaminatus*

Black-capped Foliage-gleaner ◊ *Philydor atricapillus*

White-browed Foliage-gleaner ◊ *Anabacerthia amaurotis*

Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaner ◊ *Anabacerthia lichtensteini*

Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner *Syndactyla rufosuperciliata*

Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner *Dendroma rufa*

Canebrake Groundcreeper ◊ *Clibanornis dendrocolaptoides*

White-eyed Foliage-gleaner ◊ *Automolus leucophthalmus*

Araucaria Tit-Spinetail ◊ *Leptasthenura setaria*

Rufous-fronted Thornbird *Phacellodomus rufifrons*

Orange-eyed Thornbird ◊ *Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus* Endemic

Orange-breasted Thornbird ◊ *Phacellodomus ferrugineigula*

Firewood-gatherer *Anumbius annumbi*

Itatiaia Spinetail ◊ *Asthenes moreirae* Endemic

Olive Spinetail ◊ *Cranioleuca obsoleta*

Pallid Spinetail ◊ *Cranioleuca pallida* Endemic

Yellow-chinned Spinetail *Certhiaxis cinnamomeus*

Grey-bellied Spinetail ◊ *Synallaxis cinerascens*

Rufous-capped Spinetail ◊ *Synallaxis ruficapilla*

Spix's Spinetail ◊ *Synallaxis spixi*

Silvery-flanked Antwren ◊ *Myrmotherula luctuosa* Endemic

Salvadori's Antwren ◊ *Myrmotherula minor* Endemic

Unicoloured Antwren ◊ *Myrmotherula unicolor* Endemic

Streak-capped Antwren ◊ *Terenura maculata*

Black-hooded Antwren ◊ *Formicivora erythronotos* Endemic

Southern White-fringed Antwren *Formicivora grisea*

Serra Antwren ◊ *Formicivora serrana* Endemic

Serra Antwren ◊ (Restinga A) *Formicivora [serrana] littoralis* Endemic

Marsh Antwren ◊ (Parana A) *Formicivora [acutirostris] acutirostris* Endemic

Marsh Antwren ◊ (Sao Paulo A) *Formicivora [acutirostris] paludicola* Endemic

Star-throated Antwren ◊ *Rhopias gularis* Endemic

Rufous-margined Antwren *Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus*

Spot-breasted Antvireo ◊ *Dysithamnus stictothorax* Endemic

Plain Antvireo *Dysithamnus mentalis*

Rufous-backed Antvireo ◊ *Dysithamnus xanthopterus* Endemic

Plumbeous Antvireo ◊ *Dysithamnus plumbeus* Endemic

Chestnut-backed Antshrike *Thamnophilus palliatus*

Sooretama Slaty Antshrike ◊ *Thamnophilus ambiguus* Endemic

Variable Antshrike *Thamnophilus caerulescens*

Rufous-capped Antshrike *Thamnophilus ruficapillus*

White-bearded Antshrike ◊ *Biatas nigropectus*

Large-tailed Antshrike ◊ *Mackenziaena leachii*

Tufted Antshrike ◊ *Mackenziaena severa*

Spot-backed Antshrike ◊ *Hypoedaleus guttatus*

Giant Antshrike ◊ *Batara cinerea*

Ferruginous Antbird ◊ *Drymophila ferruginea* Endemic
Bertoni's Antbird ◊ *Drymophila rubricollis*
Rufous-tailed Antbird ◊ *Drymophila genei* Endemic
Ochre-rumped Antbird ◊ *Drymophila ochropyga* Endemic
Dusky-tailed Antbird ◊ *Drymophila malura*
Scaled Antbird ◊ *Drymophila squamata* Endemic
White-bibbed Antbird ◊ *Myrmoderus loricatus* Endemic
Squamate Antbird ◊ *Myrmoderus squamosus* Endemic
White-shouldered Fire-eye ◊ *Pyriglena leucoptera*
Rufous-capped Antthrush *Formicarius colma*
Short-tailed Antthrush *Chamaeza campanisona*
Cryptic Antthrush ◊ *Chamaeza meruloides* Endemic
Rufous-tailed Antthrush ◊ *Chamaeza ruficauda*
Variegated Antpitta *Grallaria varia*
Speckle-breasted Antpitta ◊ *Cryptopezus nattereri*
Rufous Gnateater ◊ *Conopophaga lineata*
Black-cheeked Gnateater ◊ *Conopophaga melanops* Endemic
Spotted Bamboowren ◊ *Psilorhamphus guttatus*
Slaty Bristlefront ◊ *Merulaxis ater* Endemic
White-breasted Tapaculo ◊ *Eleoscytalopus indigoticus* Endemic
Marsh Tapaculo ◊ *Scytalopus iraiensis* Endemic, heard-only
Mouse-coloured Tapaculo ◊ *Scytalopus speluncaae* Endemic
Wing-barred Piprites *Piprites chloris*
Black-capped Piprites ◊ *Piprites pileata*
Planalto Tyrannulet ◊ *Phyllomyias fasciatus*
Rough-legged Tyrannulet ◊ *Phyllomyias burmeisteri*
Greenish Tyrannulet ◊ *Phyllomyias virescens*
Grey-capped Tyrannulet ◊ *Phyllomyias griseocapilla* Endemic

Grey Elaenia *Myiopagis caniceps*
Yellow-bellied Elaenia *Elaenia flavogaster*
Small-billed Elaenia *Elaenia parvirostris*
Olivaceous Elaenia ◊ *Elaenia mesoleuca*
Small-headed Elaenia *Elaenia sordida*
Southern Beardless Tyrannulet *Camptostoma obsoletum*
Sooty Tyrannulet *Serpophaga nigricans*
White-crested Tyrannulet *Serpophaga subcristata*
Yellow Tyrannulet *Capsiempis flaveola*
Grey-backed Tachuri ◊ *Polystictus superciliaris* Endemic
Southern Antpiper *Corythopis delalandi*
Southern Bristle Tyrant ◊ *Pogonotriccus eximius*
Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet *Phylloscartes ventralis*
Restinga Tyrannulet ◊ *Phylloscartes kronei* Endemic
Sao Paulo Tyrannulet ◊ *Phylloscartes paulista*
Oustalet's Tyrannulet ◊ *Phylloscartes oustaleti* Endemic
Serra do Mar Tyrannulet ◊ *Phylloscartes difficilis* Endemic
Bay-ringed Tyrannulet ◊ *Phylloscartes sylviolus*
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher *Mionectes oleagineus*
Grey-hooded Flycatcher ◊ *Mionectes rufiventris*
Sepia-capped Flycatcher *Leptopogon amaurocephalus*
Bran-coloured Flycatcher *Myiophobus fasciatus*
Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus diops*
Brown-breasted Bamboo Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus obsoletus*
Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus orbitatus* Endemic
Hangnest Tody-Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus nidipendulus* Endemic
Kaempfer's Tody-Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus kaempferi* Endemic
Fork-tailed Tody-Tyrant ◊ *Hemitriccus furcatus* Endemic

Eared Pygmy Tyrant ◊ *Myiornis auricularis*

Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher *Poecilotriccus plumbeiceps*

Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher ◊ *Todirostrum poliocephalum*

Common Tody-Flycatcher *Todirostrum cinereum*

Yellow-olive Flatbill *Tolmomyias sulphurescens*

Grey-crowned Flatbill *Tolmomyias poliocephalus*

Ochre-lored Flatbill *Tolmomyias flaviventris* heard-only

White-throated Spadebill *Platyrinchus mystaceus*

Russet-winged Spadebill ◊ *Platyrinchus leucoryphus*

Cliff Flycatcher *Hirundinea ferruginea*

Euler's Flycatcher *Lathrotriccus euleri*

Fuscous Flycatcher *Cnemotriccus fuscatus*

Tropical Pewee *Contopus cinereus*

Yellow-browed Tyrant *Satrapa icterophrys*

Blue-billed Black Tyrant ◊ *Knipolegus cyanirostris*

Velvety Black Tyrant ◊ *Knipolegus nigerrimus*

Crested Black Tyrant *Knipolegus lophotes*

White-rumped Monjita *Xolmis velatus*

Grey Monjita *Nengetus cinereus* leader-only

Streamer-tailed Tyrant ◊ *Gubernetes yetapa*

Masked Water Tyrant *Fluvicola nengeta*

White-headed Marsh Tyrant *Arundinicola leucocephala*

Long-tailed Tyrant *Colonia colonus*

Cattle Tyrant *Machetornis rixosa*

Piratic Flycatcher *Legatus leucophaeus*

Rusty-margined Flycatcher *Myiozetetes cayanensis*

Social Flycatcher *Myiozetetes similis*

Great Kiskadee *Pitangus sulphuratus*

Three-striped Flycatcher *Conopias trivirgatus*
Streaked Flycatcher *Myiodynastes maculatus*
Boat-billed Flycatcher *Megarynchus pitangua*
Variegated Flycatcher *Empidonomus varius*
Tropical Kingbird *Tyrannus melancholicus*
Fork-tailed Flycatcher *Tyrannus savana*
Greyish Mourner *Rhytipterna simplex*
Sibilant Sirystes (Eastern S) *Sirystes sibilator*
Dark-capped Flycatcher *Myiarchus tuberculifer*
Swainson's Flycatcher *Myiarchus swainsoni*
Short-crested Flycatcher *Myiarchus ferox*
Brown-crested Flycatcher *Myiarchus tyrannulus*
Large-headed Flatbill *Ramphotrigon megacephalum*
Rufous-tailed Attila ♦ *Attila phoenicurus*
Grey-hooded Attila ♦ *Attila rufus* Endemic
Hooded Berryeater ♦ *Carpornis cucullata* Endemic
Black-headed Berryeater ♦ *Carpornis melanocephala* Endemic
Swallow-tailed Cotinga ♦ *Phibalura flavirostris*
Red-ruffed Fruitcrow *Pyroderus scutatus*
Screaming Piha *Lipaugus vociferans*
Cinnamon-vented Piha ♦ *Lipaugus lanioides* Endemic
Black-and-gold Cotinga ♦ *Lipaugus ater* Endemic
Grey-winged Cotinga ♦ *Lipaugus conditus* Endemic
Bare-throated Bellbird ♦ *Procnias nudicollis*
Wied's Tyrant-Manakin ♦ *Neopelma aurifrons* Endemic
Serra do Mar Tyrant-Manakin ♦ *Neopelma chrysolophum* Endemic
Blue Manakin ♦ *Chiroxiphia caudata*
Pin-tailed Manakin ♦ *Ilicura militaris* Endemic

White-bearded Manakin *Manacus manacus*
Red-headed Manakin *Ceratopipra rubrocapilla*
Sharpbill *Oxyruncus cristatus*
Atlantic Royal Flycatcher ◊ *Onychorhynchus swainsoni* Endemic
Whiskered Myiobius ◊ *Myiobius barbatus*
Black-crowned Tityra *Tityra inquisitor*
Black-tailed Tityra *Tityra cayana*
Brown-winged Schiffornis *Schiffornis turdina* heard-only.
Greenish Schiffornis *Schiffornis virescens*
Cinereous Mourner *Laniocera hypopyrra* non-leader
Buff-throated Purpleuft ◊ *Iodopleura pipra* Endemic
Brazilian Laniisoma ◊ *Laniisoma elegans* Endemic
Green-backed Becard *Pachyramphus viridis*
Chestnut-crowned Becard *Pachyramphus castaneus*
White-winged Becard *Pachyramphus polychopterus*
Black-capped Becard *Pachyramphus marginatus*
Crested Becard *Pachyramphus validus*
Rufous-browed Peppershrike *Cyclarhis gujanensis*
Rufous-crowned Greenlet ◊ *Hylophilus poicilotis*
Lemon-chested Greenlet ◊ *Hylophilus thoracicus*
Chivi Vireo *Vireo chivi*
Azure Jay ◊ *Cyanocorax caeruleus*
White-rumped Swallow *Tachycineta leucorrhoa*
White-winged Swallow *Tachycineta albiventer*
White-thighed Swallow *Atticora tibialis*
Blue-and-white Swallow *Pygochelidon cyanoleuca*
Southern Rough-winged Swallow *Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*
Brown-chested Martin *Progne tapera*

Grey-breasted Martin *Progne chalybea*
Black-capped Donacobius *Donacobius atricapilla*
Thrush-like Wren *Campylorhynchus turdinus*
Moustached Wren *Pheugopedius genibarbis*
Long-billed Wren ♦ *Cantorchilus longirostris* Endemic
House Wren (Southern H W) *Troglodytes [aedon] musculus*
Trilling Gnatwren *Ramphocaenus melanurus*
Tropical Mockingbird *Mimus gilvus*
Chalk-browed Mockingbird *Mimus saturninus*
Creamy-bellied Thrush *Turdus amaurochalinus*
Yellow-legged Thrush *Turdus flavipes*
White-necked Thrush *Turdus albicollis*
Pale-breasted Thrush *Turdus leucomelas*
Rufous-bellied Thrush *Turdus rufiventris*
House Sparrow (introduced) *Passer domesticus*
Common Waxbill (introduced) *Estrilda astrild*
Yellowish Pipit *Anthus chii*
Hooded Siskin *Spinus magellanicus*
Golden-rumped Euphonia *Chlorophonia cyanocephala* heard-only.
Blue-naped Chlorophonia *Chlorophonia cyanea*
Purple-throated Euphonia *Euphonia chlorotica*
Green-chinned Euphonia ♦ *Euphonia chalybea*
Violaceous Euphonia *Euphonia violacea*
Chestnut-bellied Euphonia ♦ *Euphonia pectoralis*
Pectoral Sparrow *Arremon taciturnus* heard only.
Half-collared Sparrow ♦ *Arremon semitorquatus* Endemic
Rufous-collared Sparrow *Zonotrichia capensis*
White-browed Blackbird *Leistes superciliaris*

Crested Oropendola *Psarocolius decumanus*
Golden-winged Cacique *Cacicus chrysopterus*
Red-rumped Cacique *Cacicus haemorrhous*
Campo Troupial ◊ *Icterus jamaicii* Endemic
Shiny Cowbird *Molothrus bonariensis*
Chestnut-capped Blackbird *Chrysomus ruficapillus*
Yellow-rumped Marshbird *Pseudoleistes guirahuro*
Southern Yellowthroat *Geothlypis velata*
Tropical Parula *Setophaga pitiauyumi*
White-rimmed Warbler *Myiothlypis leucoblephara*
Riverbank Warbler *Myiothlypis rivularis*
Golden-crowned Warbler *Basileuterus culicivorus*
Olive-green Tanager ◊ *Orthogonys chloricterus* Endemic
Red-crowned Ant Tanager *Habia rubica*
Yellow-green Grosbeak *Caryothraustes canadensis*
Glaucous-blue Grosbeak ◊ *Cyanoloxia glaucocaeerulea*
Brown Tanager ◊ *Orchesticus abeillei* Endemic
Cherry-throated Tanager ◊ *Nemosia rourei* Endemic. One seen on the nest.
Pampa Finch *Embernagra platensis*
Lesser Grass Finch ◊ *Emberizoides ypiranganus*
Wedge-tailed Grass Finch *Emberizoides herbicola*
Green Honeycreeper *Chlorophanes spiza*
Yellow-backed Tanager *Hemithraupis flavicollis*
Rufous-headed Tanager ◊ *Hemithraupis ruficapilla* Endemic
Swallow Tanager *Tersina viridis*
Red-legged Honeycreeper *Cyanerpes cyaneus*
Blue Dacnis *Dacnis cayana*
Black-legged Dacnis ◊ *Dacnis nigripes*

Green-winged Saltator *Saltator similis*
Buff-throated Saltator *Saltator maximus*
Black-throated Grosbeak *Saltator fuliginosus*
Thick-billed Saltator ◊ *Saltator maxillosus*
Bananaquit *Coereba flaveola*
Sooty Grassquit ◊ *Asemospiza fuliginosa*
Blue-black Grassquit *Volatinia jacarina*
Black-goggled Tanager *Trichothraupis melanops*
Flame-crested Tanager *Loriotus cristatus*
Grey Pileated Finch ◊ *Coryphospingus pileatus*
Ruby-crowned Tanager ◊ *Tachyphonus coronatus*
Brazilian Tanager ◊ *Ramphocelus bresilia* Endemic
Double-collared Seedeater *Sporophila caerulescens*
Chestnut-bellied Seed Finch *Sporophila angolensis*
Temminck's Seedeater ◊ *Sporophila falcistrotris*
Buffy-fronted Seedeater ◊ *Sporophila frontalis*
Black-and-rufous Warbling Finch *Poospiza nigrorufa*
Orange-headed Tanager *Thlypopsis sordida*
Bay-chested Warbling Finch ◊ *Castanozoster thoracicus* Endemic
Buff-throated Warbling Finch ◊ *Microspingus lateralis* Endemic
Grey-throated Warbling Finch ◊ *Microspingus cabanisi*
Chestnut-vented Conebill *Conirostrum speciosum*
Saffron Finch *Sicalis flaveola*
Grassland Yellow Finch *Sicalis luteola*
Uniform Finch ◊ *Haplospiza unicolor*
Fawn-breasted Tanager *Pipraeidea melanonota*
Diademed Tanager ◊ *Stephanophorus diadematus*
Magpie Tanager ◊ *Cissopis leverianus*

Cinnamon Tanager ◊ *Schistochlamys ruficapillus* Endemic
Red-cowled Cardinal ◊ *Paroaria dominicana* Endemic
Sayaca Tanager *Thraupis sayaca*
Azure-shouldered Tanager ◊ *Thraupis cyanoptera* Endemic
Golden-chevroned Tanager ◊ *Thraupis ornata* Endemic
Palm Tanager *Thraupis palmarum*
Black-backed Tanager ◊ *Stilpnia peruviana* Endemic
Chestnut-backed Tanager ◊ *Stilpnia preciosa*
Burnished-buff Tanager *Stilpnia cayana*
Green-headed Tanager ◊ *Tangara seledon*
Red-necked Tanager ◊ *Tangara cyanocephala*
Brassy-breasted Tanager ◊ *Tangara desmaresti* Endemic
Gilt-edged Tanager ◊ *Tangara cyanoventris* Endemic
Turquoise Tanager *Tangara [Mexicana] brasiliensis*

MAMMALS

South American Coati *Nasua nasua*
Marine Estuarine Dolphin (Guiana D) *Sotalia guianensis*
Black-horned Capuchin *Sapajus nigritus*
Geoffroy's Marmoset *Callithrix geoffroyi*
Black-fronted Titi Monkey *Callicebus nigrifrons* heard-only.
Masked Titi Monkey (Atlantic T M) *Callicebus personatus* heard-only.
Brown Howler *Alouatta guariba* heard-only.
Orange-rumped Agouti (Red-r A) *Dasyprocta leporina*
Capybara *Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris*
Guianan Squirrel *Sciurus aestuans*
Brown-throated Sloth *Bradypus variegatus*
Brown Hare *Lepus europaeus*